

# Mouse IL-6 ELISA Kit

**EM2IL6 EM2IL62 EM2IL65**

1362.2

<b>Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>EM2IL6</b>	<p>Mouse Interleukin-6 (IL-6) ELISA Kit, sufficient reagents for 96 determinations</p> <p><b>Kit Contents:</b></p> <p><b>Anti-Mouse IL-6 Precoated 96-well Strip Plate</b>, 1 each</p> <p><b>Lyophilized Recombinant Mouse IL-6 Standard</b>, 2 vials</p> <p><b>Standard Diluent</b>, 25 ml, contains 0.1% sodium azide</p> <p><b>Biotinylated Antibody Reagent</b>, 8 ml, contains 0.1% sodium azide</p> <p><b>30X Wash Buffer</b>, 50 ml</p> <p><b>Streptavidin-HRP Concentrate</b>, 100 µl</p> <p><b>Streptavidin-HRP Dilution Buffer</b>, 14 ml</p> <p><b>TMB Substrate</b>, 13 ml</p> <p><b>Stop Solution</b>, 13 ml, contains 0.16 M sulfuric acid</p> <p><b>Adhesive Plate Covers</b>, 6 each</p>
<b>EM2IL62</b>	<p>Mouse Interleukin-6 (IL-6) ELISA Kit, sufficient reagents for 2 × 96 determinations</p> <p><b>Kit Contents:</b></p> <p><b>Anti-Mouse IL-6 Precoated 96-well Strip Plate</b>, 2 each</p> <p><b>Lyophilized Recombinant Mouse IL-6 Standard</b>, 4 vials</p> <p><b>Standard Diluent</b>, 25 ml, contains 0.1% sodium azide</p> <p><b>Biotinylated Antibody Reagent</b>, 2 × 8 ml, contains 0.1% sodium azide</p> <p><b>30X Wash Buffer</b>, 2 × 50 ml</p> <p><b>Streptavidin-HRP Concentrate</b>, 100 µl</p> <p><b>Streptavidin-HRP Dilution Buffer</b>, 26 ml</p> <p><b>TMB Substrate</b>, 2 × 13 ml</p> <p><b>Stop Solution</b>, 2 × 13 ml, contains 0.16 M sulfuric acid</p> <p><b>Adhesive Plate Covers</b>, 12 each</p>
<b>EM2IL65</b>	<p>Mouse Interleukin-6 (IL-6) ELISA Kit, sufficient reagents for 5 × 96 determinations</p> <p><b>Kit Contents:</b></p> <p><b>Anti-Mouse IL-6 Precoated 96-well Strip Plate</b>, 5 each</p> <p><b>Lyophilized Recombinant Mouse IL-6 Standard</b>, 5 vials</p> <p><b>Standard Diluent</b>, 55 ml, contains 0.1% sodium azide</p> <p><b>Biotinylated Antibody Reagent</b>, 30 ml, contains 0.1% sodium azide</p> <p><b>30X Wash Buffer</b>, 200 ml</p> <p><b>Streptavidin-HRP Concentrate</b>, 250 µl</p> <p><b>Streptavidin-HRP Dilution Buffer</b>, 70 ml</p> <p><b>TMB Substrate</b>, 5 × 13 ml</p> <p><b>Stop Solution</b>, 55 ml, contains 0.16 M sulfuric acid</p> <p><b>Adhesive Plate Covers</b>, 30 each</p>

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

**Storage:** For maximum stability, store in a non-defrosting -20°C freezer and refer to the expiration date for frozen storage on the label. Alternatively, store at 2-8°C and refer to the expiration date for refrigerated storage. Once thawed, store at 4°C until the expiration date for refrigerated storage. Kit is shipped on dry ice.

## Introduction

The Thermo Scientific Mouse Interleukin-6 (IL-6) ELISA is an *in vitro* enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the quantitative measurement of mouse IL-6 in serum; EDTA, sodium citrate and heparin plasma; and culture supernatant.

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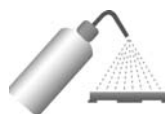
## Procedure Summary



**1.** Add 50 µl of standards or samples to each well in duplicate.



**2.** Cover plate and incubate at room temperature (20-25°C) for 2 hours.



**3.** Wash plate THREE times.



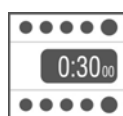
**4.** Add 50 µl of Biotinylated Antibody Reagent to each well. Cover plate and incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.



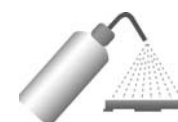
**5.** Wash plate THREE times.



**6.** Add 100 µl of prepared Streptavidin-HRP Solution to each well.



**7.** Cover plate and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.



**8.** Wash plate THREE times.



**9.** Add 100 µl of Premixed TMB Substrate Solution to each well.



**10.** Develop plate in the dark at room temperature for 30 minutes.



**11.** Stop reaction by adding 100 µl of Stop Solution to each well.



**12.** Measure absorbance on a plate reader at 450 minus 550 nm. Calculate results using graph paper or curve-fitting statistical software.

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## Additional Materials Required

- Precision pipettors with disposable plastic tips to deliver 5-1,000  $\mu$ l
- Plastic pipettes to deliver 5-15 ml
- A glass or plastic two-liter container to prepare Wash Buffer
- A squirt wash bottle or an automated 96-well plate washer
- 1.5 ml polypropylene or polyethylene tubes to prepare standards — do not use polystyrene, polycarbonate or glass tubes
- Disposable reagent reservoirs (Product No. 15075)
- 15 ml plastic tube to prepare Streptavidin-HRP Solution
- Microcentrifuge to prepare Streptavidin-HRP Solution
- A standard ELISA reader for measuring absorbance at 450 nm and 550 nm. If a 550 nm filter is not available, the absorbance can be measured at 450 nm only. Refer to the instruction manual supplied with the instrument being used.
- Graph paper or a computerized curve-fitting statistical software package

## Precautions

- **All samples and reagents must be at room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the ELISA.**
- Review these instructions carefully and verify all components against the Kit Contents list (page 1) before beginning.
- Do not use water baths to thaw samples. Thaw at room temperature.
- When preparing standard curve and sample dilution in culture medium, use the same medium used to culture the cells. For example, if RPMI with 10% fetal calf serum (FCS) was used to culture cells, then use RPMI with 10% FCS to dilute the standard and samples. Do NOT use RPMI without serum supplement.
- If using a multichannel pipettor, always use a new disposable reagent reservoir.
- Use new disposable pipette tips for each transfer to avoid cross-contamination.
- Use a new adhesive plate cover for each incubation step.
- Once reagents have been added to the plate, take care NOT to let plate DRY at any time during the assay.
- Avoid microbial contamination of reagents.
- Vigorous plate washing is essential.
- Avoid exposing reagents to excessive heat or light during storage and incubation.
- Discard unused kit components. Do not mix reagents from different kit lots.
- Do not use glass pipettes to measure TMB Substrate. Take care not to contaminate the solution. If the solution is blue before use, DO NOT USE IT.
- Individual components may contain antibiotics and preservatives. Wear gloves while performing the assay to avoid contact with samples and reagents. Please follow proper disposal procedures.
- Some kit components contain sodium azide. Please dispose of reagents according to local regulations.

## Additional Precautions for the 2-plate and 5-plate Kits

- Dispense only reagent volumes required for the number of plates being used. Do not combine leftover reagents with those reserved for additional plates.
- Use only one bottle of the TMB Substrate per 96-well plate. Do not combine leftover substrate with that reserved for other plates.
- Equilibrate to room temperature only the reagent volumes required for the number of plates being used.
- For the 5-plate kit, use only one vial of standard per 96-well plate.

**Note:** The 2-plate kit is supplied with four vials of standard. Therefore, four partial plate assays may be performed.

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## Sample Preparation

### Sample Handling

- Serum; EDTA, sodium citrate and heparin plasma; and culture supernatant may be tested in this ELISA.
- 50 µl per well of serum, plasma or culture supernatant are required.
- Store samples to be assayed within 24 hours at 2-8°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -70°C.
- Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles when storing samples.
- Test samples and standards must be assayed in duplicate each time the ELISA is performed.
- Gradually equilibrate samples to room temperature before beginning assay. Do not use heated water baths to thaw or warm samples.
- Mix samples by gently inverting tubes.
- If samples are clotted, grossly hemolyzed, lipemic or microbially contaminated, or if there is any question about the integrity of a sample, make a note on the template and interpret results with caution.

### Sample Dilution

- If the mouse IL-6 concentration possibly exceeds the highest point of the standard curve (i.e., 2,000 pg/ml), prepare one or more five-fold dilutions of the test sample. When testing **culture supernatants**, prepare the serial dilutions using the culture medium. When testing **serum or plasma samples**, prepare the serial dilutions using the Standard Diluent provided. For example, a five-fold dilution is prepared by adding 0.1 ml (100 µl) of test sample to 0.4 (400 µl) of appropriate diluent. Mix thoroughly between dilutions before assaying.

## Reagent Preparation

For procedural differences when using partial plates, look for **(PP)** throughout this instruction booklet.

**Note:** When using the 5-plate kit, only one standard per plate is supplied. Therefore, partial plates cannot be used.

### Wash Buffer

1. Label a clean glass or plastic two-liter container "Wash Buffer." The 30X Wash Buffer may have a cloudy appearance.
2. Add the entire contents of the 30X Wash Buffer (50 ml) bottle to the two-liter container and dilute to a final volume of 1.5 liters with ultrapure water. Mix thoroughly.

**(PP)** When using partial plates, store the reconstituted Wash Buffer at 2-8°C

**Note:** Wash Buffer must be at room temperature before use in the assay. Do not use Wash Buffer if it becomes visibly contaminated during storage.

**Note:** If using a 5-plate kit, add 30 ml Wash Buffer to 870 ml water for each plate used.

### Standards

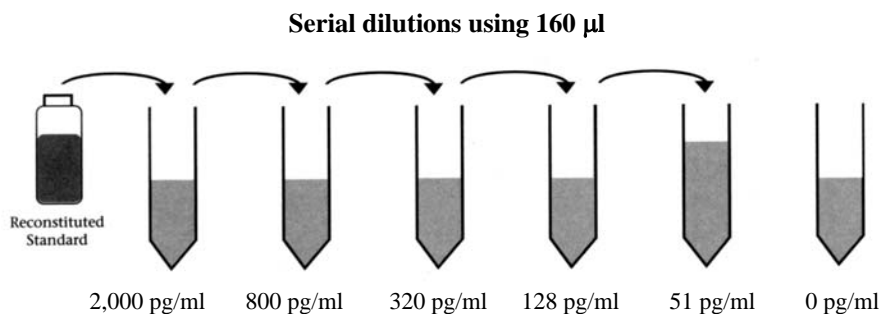
- **(PP)** Reconstitute and use one vial of the lyophilized standard per partial plate.
  - Prepare standards just before use and use within one hour of reconstitution. Do not store reconstituted standards.
1. When testing **culture supernatant samples**, reconstitute standard with ultrapure water. Reconstitution volume is stated on the standard vial label. The standard will dissolve in approximately 1 minute. Mix by gently inverting vial. Use the sample culture medium to prepare standard curve serial dilutions.

When testing **serum or plasma samples**, reconstitute standard with ultrapure water. Reconstitution volume is stated on the standard vial label. The standard will dissolve in approximately 1 minute. Mix by gently inverting vial. Use the Standard Diluent provided to prepare standard curve serial dilutions.

When testing **serum or plasma and cell culture supernatant samples on the same plate**, validate the media to establish if the same standard curve can be used for the different sample types. Prepare a standard curve (including a

zero/blank) using culture medium to reconstitute and dilute the standard. Use medium containing serum or other protein to maximize stability of the mouse IL-6. Perform this curve in parallel with a standard curve reconstituted in ultrapure water and diluted in the Standard Diluent provided. If the OD values of the two curves are within 10% of the mean for both curves, then the assay can be performed with Standard Diluent, whether you are testing culture supernatant, plasma, or serum samples.

- Label six tubes, one for each standard curve point: 2,000 pg/ml, 800 pg/ml, 320 pg/ml, 128 pg/ml, 51 pg/ml and 0 pg/ml, then prepare 1:2.5 serial dilutions for the standard curve as follows:
- Pipette 240  $\mu$ l of appropriate diluent into each tube.
- Pipette 160  $\mu$ l of the reconstituted standard into the first tube (i.e., 2,000 pg/ml) and mix.
- Pipette 160  $\mu$ l of this dilution into the second tube (i.e., 800 pg/ml) and mix.
- Repeat the serial dilutions (using 160  $\mu$ l) three more times to complete the standard curve points.



## Assay Procedure

### A. Sample Incubation

- (PP)** Determine the number of strips required. Leave these strips in the plate frame. Place remaining unused strips in the provided foil pouch with desiccant. Store reserved strips at 2-8°C. Make sure foil pouch is sealed tightly. After completing assay, retain plate frame for second partial plate. When using the second partial plate, place strips securely in the plate frame.
  - Use the Data Template provided to record the locations of the zero standard (blank or negative control), mouse IL-6 standards and test samples. Perform five standard points and one blank in duplicate with each series of unknown samples.
- Add 50  $\mu$ l of reconstituted standards or test samples in duplicate to each well. Mix well by gently tapping the plate several times.

**Note:** If the mouse IL-6 concentration in any test sample possibly exceeds the highest point on the standard curve, 2,000 pg/ml, see Sample Preparation-Sample Dilution section.

- Add 50  $\mu$ l of Standard Diluent to all wells that do not contain standards or samples.
- Carefully cover plate with an adhesive plate cover. Ensure all edges and strips are sealed tightly by running your thumb over edges and down each strip. Incubate for two (2) hours at room temperature, 20-25°C.
- Carefully remove adhesive plate cover. Wash plate THREE times with Wash Buffer as described in the Plate Washing section (section B).

### B. Plate Washing

- Gently squeeze the long sides of plate frame before washing to ensure all strips securely remain in the frame.
- Empty plate contents. Use a squirt bottle to vigorously fill each well completely with Wash Buffer, then empty plate contents. Repeat procedure two additional times for a total of THREE washes. Blot plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.

**Note:** For automated washing, aspirate all wells and wash THREE times with Wash Buffer, overfilling wells with Wash Buffer. Blot plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.

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**C. Biotinylated Antibody Reagent Incubation**

- If using a multichannel pipettor, **use a new reagent reservoir and pipette tips** when adding the Biotinylated Antibody Reagent. Remove from the vial only the amount required for the number of strips being used. Take care not to touch the samples in wells with the pipette tip when adding the Biotinylated Antibody Reagent.
1. Add 50  $\mu$ l of Biotinylated Antibody Reagent to each well containing sample or standard.
  2. Carefully attach a new adhesive plate cover, ensuring all edges and strips are tightly sealed. Incubate plate for one (1) hour at room temperature, 20-25°C.
  3. Carefully remove the adhesive plate cover, discard plate contents and wash **THREE** times as described in the Plate Washing section.

**D. Streptavidin-HRP Solution Preparation and Incubation**

- Prepare Streptavidin-HRP Solution **immediately before use**. Do not prepare more solution than is required.
  - Do not store prepared Streptavidin-HRP Solution.
  - Use a 15 ml plastic tube to prepare Streptavidin-HRP Solution.
  - **Note:** If using a multichannel pipettor, **use new reagent reservoir and pipette tips** when adding the prepared Streptavidin-HRP Solution.
1. Briefly centrifuge the Streptavidin-HRP Concentrate to force entire vial contents to the bottom.
  2. **(PP)** Use only the Streptavidin-HRP Solution amount required for the number of strips being used. For each strip, mix 2.5  $\mu$ l of Streptavidin-HRP Concentrate with 1 ml of Streptavidin-HRP Dilution Buffer. Store Streptavidin-HRP Concentrate reserved for additional strips at 2-8°C.

For one complete 96-well plate, add 30  $\mu$ l of Streptavidin-HRP Concentrate to 12 ml of Streptavidin-HRP Dilution Buffer and mix gently.

3. Add 100  $\mu$ l of prepared Streptavidin-HRP Solution to each well.
4. Carefully attach a new adhesive plate cover, ensuring all edges and strips are tightly sealed. Incubate plate for 30 minutes at room temperature, 20-25°C.
5. Carefully remove the adhesive plate cover, discard plate contents and wash **THREE** times as described in the Plate Washing section.

**E. Substrate Incubation and Stop Step**

- Use new disposable reagent reservoirs when adding TMB Substrate Solution and Stop Solution.
  - Dispense from bottle **ONLY** amount required, 100  $\mu$ l per well, for the number of wells being used. Use a plastic pipette (i.e., do not use glass) to measure the TMB Substrate Solution.
  - **(PP)** Do not combine leftover substrate with that reserved for the second partial plate. Take care not to contaminate remaining TMB Substrate Solution.
1. Pipette 100  $\mu$ l of TMB Substrate Solution into each well.
  2. Allow enzymatic color reaction to develop at room temperature in the dark for 30 minutes. Do not cover plate with aluminum foil or a plate sealer. The substrate reaction yields a blue solution that turns yellow when Stop Solution is added.
  3. After 30 minutes, stop the reaction by adding 100  $\mu$ l of Stop Solution to each well.

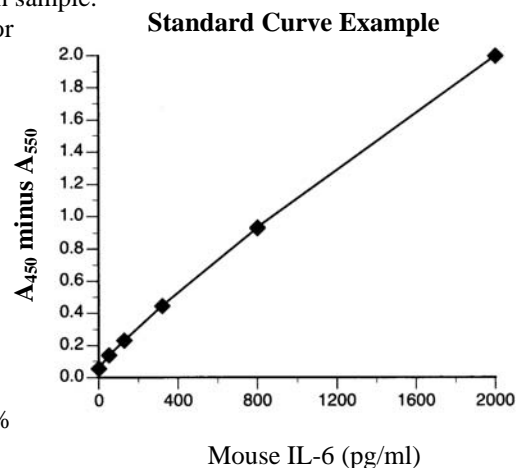
**F. Absorbance Measurement**

**Note: Evaluate the plate within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction.**

Measure the absorbance on an ELISA plate reader set at 450 nm and 550 nm. Subtract 550 nm values from 450 nm values to correct for optical imperfections in the microplate. If an absorbance at 550 nm is not available, measure the absorbance at 450 nm only. When the 550 nm measurement is omitted, absorbance values will be higher.

### G. Calculation of Results

- The standard curve is used to determine mouse IL-6 amount in an unknown sample. Generate the standard curve by plotting the average absorbance obtained for each standard concentration on the vertical (Y) axis vs. the corresponding mouse IL-6 concentration (pg/ml) on the horizontal (X) axis.
- Calculate results using graph paper or curve-fitting statistical software. The mouse IL-6 amount in each sample is determined by interpolating from the absorbance value (Y axis) to mouse IL-6 concentration (X axis) using the standard curve.
- If the test sample was diluted, multiply the interpolated value obtained from the standard curve by the dilution factor to calculate pg/ml of mouse IL-6 in the sample.
- Absorbance values obtained for duplicates should be within 10% of the mean value. Duplicate values that differ from the mean by greater than 10% should be considered suspect and repeated.



### Performance Characteristics

**Sensitivity:** < 7 pg/ml

The sensitivity or Lower Limit of Detection (LLD)<sup>1</sup> is determined by assaying replicates of zero and the standard curve. The mean signal of zero + 2 standard deviations read in dose from the standard curve is the LLD. This value is the smallest dose that is not zero with 95% confidence.

**Assay Range:** 51-2,000 pg/ml

Suggested standard curve points are 2,000, 800, 320, 128, 51, and 0 pg/ml

**Reproducibility:**

Intra-Assay CV: < 10%

Inter-Assay CV: < 10%

**Specificity:**

This ELISA is specific for the measurement of natural and recombinant mouse IL-6. This ELISA does not cross-react with mouse GM-CSF, IFN $\gamma$ , IL-1 $\alpha$ , IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-7, IL-9, IL-10, IL-12, or human IL-6. This kit has been shown to have a high level of cross-reactivity with recombinant rat IL-6.

**Calibration:**

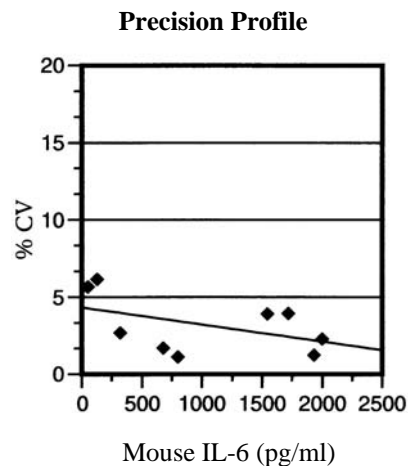
The standard in this ELISA is calibrated to NIBSC reference standard lot 93/730.

One (1) pg of Pierce Endogen standard = 7 pg of NIBSC standard = 0.7 NIBSC unit.

**Precision:**

The intra-assay coefficient of variation is plotted against IL-6 concentration (pg/ml).

The points represent samples evaluated in replicates of four in four different kit lots.



**Expected Values:**

Serum samples collected from five each apparently healthy Balb/C, ICR and C57BL/6 mice are evaluated in this assay. The mean values of mouse IL-6 found in these samples are reported below:

<u>Sample Type</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Range</u>
Balb/C (n=5)	35 pg/ml	19-43 pg/ml
ICR (n=5)	1 pg/ml	0-4 pg/ml
C57BL/6 (n=5)	40 pg/ml	35-43 pg/ml

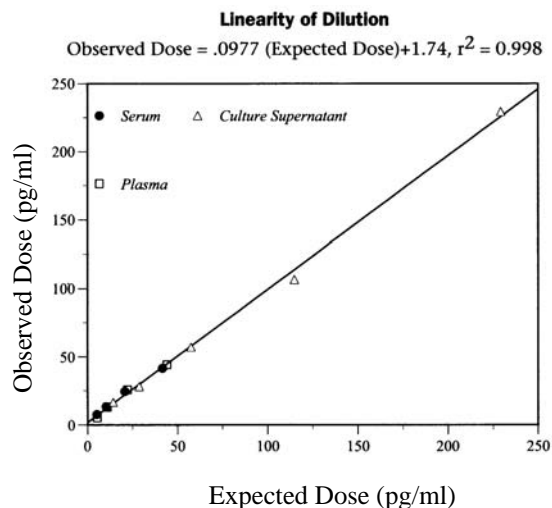
**Recovery:**

Cytokine recovery is determined by spiking 750 pg/ml recombinant mouse IL-6 into undiluted mouse serum and plasma samples and comparing them to a spiked Standard Diluent control. Observed recoveries are as follows:

	<u>Average</u>	<u>Range</u>
<b>Serum</b>	92%	87-96%
<b>EDTA Plasma (n=5)</b>	89%	88-92%

**Linearity of Dilution:**

Linearity of dilution is determined by serially diluting serum, plasma, and culture supernatant samples. The dilutions are evaluated in the ELISA and “observed” doses are plotted against “expected” doses.



**Reference**

1. *Immunoassay: A Practical Guide*, Chan and Perlstein, Eds., 1987, Academic Press: New York, p71.

This product (“Product”) is warranted to operate or perform substantially in conformance with published Product specifications in effect at the time of sale, as set forth in the Product documentation, specifications and/or accompanying package inserts (“Documentation”) and to be free from defects in material and workmanship. Unless otherwise expressly authorized in writing, Products are supplied for research use only. No claim of suitability for use in applications regulated by FDA is made. The warranty provided herein is valid only when used by properly trained individuals. Unless otherwise stated in the Documentation, this warranty is limited to one year from date of shipment when the Product is subjected to normal, proper and intended usage. This warranty does not extend to anyone other than the original purchaser of the Product (“Buyer”).

**No other warranties, express or implied, are granted, including without limitation, implied warranties of merchantability, fitness for any particular purpose, or non infringement. Buyer’s exclusive remedy for non-conforming Products during the warranty period is limited to replacement of or refund for the non-conforming Product(s).**

There is no obligation to replace Products as the result of (i) accident, disaster or event of force majeure, (ii) misuse, fault or negligence of or by Buyer, (iii) use of the Products in a manner for which they were not designed, or (iv) improper storage and handling of the Products.

Current versions of product instructions are available at [www.thermo.com/pierce](http://www.thermo.com/pierce). For a faxed copy, call 800-874-3723 or contact your local distributor.

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**Data Templates**

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A												
B												
C												
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